

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

“Effects of laser excitation wavelength and mode on Raman spectra of human fresh colon, pancreas, and prostate tissues”

Ran Li,^a Dominique Verreault,^a Andrea Payne,^a Charles L. Hitchcock,^b Stephen P. Povoski,^c Edward W. Martin Jr,^c and Heather C. Allen^{a,b*}

^a Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, The Ohio State University, 100 West 18th Avenue, Columbus, OH 43210, USA

^b Department of Pathology, The Ohio State University, 129 Hamilton Hall, 1645 Neil Avenue, Columbus, OH 43210, USA

^c Division of Surgical Oncology, Department of Surgery, The Ohio State University, 410 West 10th Avenue, Columbus, OH 43210, USA

* Corresponding Author: allen@asc.ohio-state.edu

MATLAB CODE FOR SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO (SNR) CALCULATIONS

An example of the Matlab code used for the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) calculations is shown below for the Amide I band ($\sim 1650\text{ cm}^{-1}$) (Fig. S1). First, the square root of the variance of the data in the spectral ranges $1500\text{--}1580\text{ cm}^{-1}$ and $1704\text{--}1718\text{ cm}^{-1}$ is calculated and taken as the root mean square (RMS) noise. The signal is then taken from the amplitude of the Amide I band at 1650 cm^{-1} and the SNR is finally calculated by taking the ratio of signal over the RMS noise.

```
%noise 785
data1a=load('ch785co.txt')
yaa=data1a(:,1)
yanoise=[yaa(388) yaa(389) yaa(390) yaa(391) yaa(392) yaa(393) yaa(394)
yaa(395) yaa(396) yaa(397) yaa(398) yaa(399) yaa(400) yaa(401) yaa(402)
yaa(403) yaa(404) yaa(405) yaa(406) yaa(407) yaa(408) yaa(409) yaa(410)
yaa(411) yaa(412) yaa(413) yaa(414) yaa(415) yaa(416) yaa(460) yaa(461)
yaa(462) yaa(463) yaa(464) yaa(465)]

va=var(yanoise)
RMSnoise=(va)^(1/2)

%signal 785
data1a=load('ch785co.txt')
yaa=data1a(:,1)
signal=yaa(441)

%SNR
SNR=signal/RMSnoise
```

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES

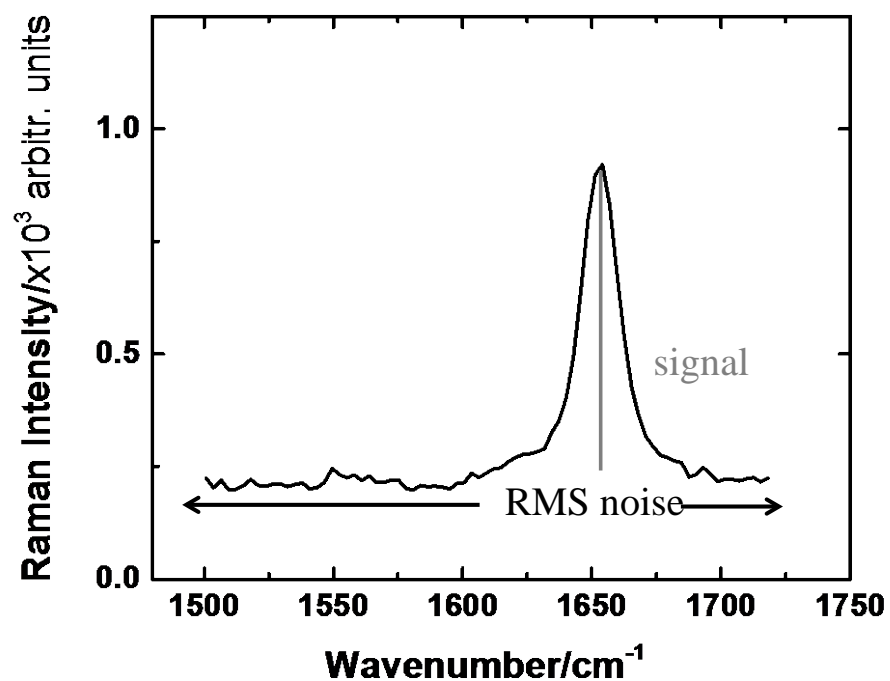


Figure S1. Example of signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for the Amide I band at $\sim 1650\text{ cm}^{-1}$. The RMS as described above, was calculated after background subtraction.

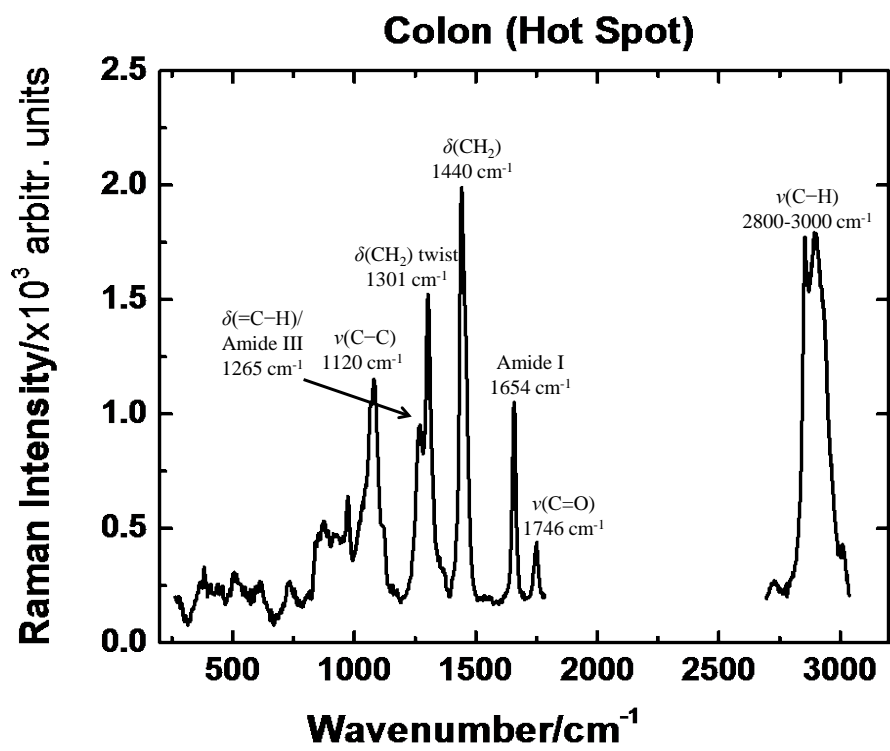


Figure S2. Raman spectrum from the hot spot on a tissue colon specimen taken with the 785 SM excitation.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

Table S1. Raman shift and band assignment of Raman spectrum of colon tissue specimen.

Raman shift [cm ⁻¹]	Band assignment ¹⁻⁵
1120	$\nu(\text{C-C})$, lipids
1265	$\delta(\text{=C-H})$, lipids Amide III, proteins
1301	$\delta(\text{CH}_2)$ twist, lipids
1440	$\delta(\text{CH}_2)$, lipids
1654	Amide I, proteins
1746	$\nu(\text{C=O})$, lipids
2800–3000	$\nu(\text{C-H})$, lipids

ν , stretching mode; δ , bending mode.

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