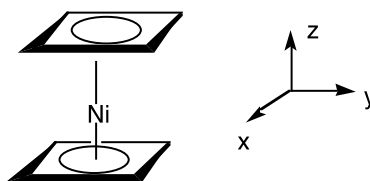


- (1) Bis(cyclobutadiene)nickel consists of a Ni atom sandwiched between two planar cyclobutadiene ligands. In this complex (shown below), the metal orbitals overlap with the  $p\pi$  molecular orbitals of cyclobutadiene (the Huckel  $p\pi$  MO's of cyclobutadiene are shown in Chapter 7 and you should have worked them out in Problem Set 5). Assume that the complex is reduced by two electrons to yield the 2- ion.



- Derive the symmetries of the orbitals resulting from the eight linear combinations of the cyclobutadiene  $p\pi$  Huckel orbitals. Label each orbital according to the irreducible representation for which it forms a basis.
  - Indicate which Nickel orbitals are of the correct symmetry to overlap with the ligand orbitals
  - Decide which interactions are likely moderate, strong, or weak and construct the MO diagram for the nickel complex.
  - Derive the symmetries of the ground state, dipole moment operator, and the two lowest-lying excited states. Assign the allowed and forbidden electronic transitions.
  - What type of transitions are these? What intensities ( $\epsilon$ ) would you expect?
- (2) The square planar geometry is ubiquitous for transition metals with  $d^8$  electronic configuration. By following the procedure outlined in lecture, derive the following MO diagrams for square planar  $ML_4$  complexes.
- $\sigma$ -donor ligands
  - $\pi$ -acceptor ligands
  - $\pi$ -donor ligands
  - Assign the low-lying allowed transitions you would expect for the complexes in (a) - (c)
- (3) Consider the fictitious dinuclear hydride complex  $Mn_2H_8^{2-}$ , which we will assume consists of two face-to-face square planar  $MnH_4^-$  fragments.
- Using the Mn 3d, 4s, and 4p AO's and the SALCs of four H 1s orbitals, construct a qualitative MO diagram for square planar ( $D_{4h}$ )  $MnH_4^-$ .
  - One of the H SALCs can interact with two different Mn AOs. Which interaction should be stronger? Why?
  - In order to describe the Mn-Mn bonding, we will "throw out" those Mn AOs that are strongly destabilized by interaction with the H atoms. Which orbitals do you think should be discarded?
  - Assume that the  $Mn_2H_8^{2-}$  ion is eclipsed ( $D_{4h}$ ) and has very short Mn-Mn distance. By taking the sums and differences of the orbitals that are left on the Mn atoms, determine which irreducible reps are spanned by the Mn-Mn bonding and antibonding orbitals. Construct a qualitative MO diagram for the Mn-Mn bonding. What is the Mn-Mn bond order?
  - Repeat part (d) under staggered ( $D_{4d}$ ) geometry. Does the Mn-Mn bond order change? Would you expect staggered  $Mn_2H_8^{2-}$  to be diamagnetic or paramagnetic?